and administrative services, such as transportation or guard services.

(g) Thus, State member banks generally may rely on the Act to justify investment only in a corporation that is engaged solely in performing one or more of the services contained in the definition of bank services in section 1(b), or a service similar to one of those services, and only if those services are provided solely to banks. Investment in a corporation providing any other services, such as the type of services described in the above quotation from the Act's legislative history, generally is not permitted on the basis of this Act, unless such services are legitimately incidental to the provision of bank services by that corporation.

(h) Since the notification required by section 5 of the Act, as amended, also is based on the provision of bank services, such notification need only be provided with regard to the provision of one or more of the services enumerated in section 1(b) of the Act or a service similar to one of those services.

[44 FR 12969, Mar. 9, 1979]

§250.302 Applicability of Bank Service Corporation Act to bank credit card service organization.

Summary. Although a non-profit, nostock service organization in which no bank has made an investment is not a bank service corporation as defined in the Bank Service Corporation Act, that organization's credit card servicing activities are bank services as defined in the Act and thus subject to the notification requirement of section 5 of the Act.

Text. (a) The Board of Governors has considered whether the Bank Service Corporation Act (12 U.S.C. 1861-1865), is applicable where a bank credit card plan of a State member bank and other banks used the facilities of a non-profit, no-stock service organization.

(b) The functions of the service organization include the following: (1) Performing cardholder accounting for participating banks; (2) developing information concerning each credit card and holder, including such holder's current balance owing to the card issuing bank and the amount of such balance that is delinquent; (3) assisting in procedures relating to the presentation and settlement of drafts and credit memoranda; (4) developing procedures relating to credit card security control; (5) upon telephonic request, advising merchants and participating banks respecting credit authorizations above certain specified limits; and (6) compiling lists

of participating merchants.

(c) The Board expressed the view that because the service organization has no stock and the State member bank does not otherwise invest therein by "the making of a loan, or otherwise, except a payment for rent earned, goods sold and delivered, or services rendered prior to the making of such payment' (section 1(d) of the Act), the service organization is not a "bank service corporation" within the meaning of section 1(c) of the Act.

(d) However, the Board concluded that the functions described above do constitute bank services as defined in section 1(b) of the Act. Accordingly, the State member bank is required to notify the Board (through the appropriate Federal Reserve Bank) of the performance of the services for the bank in accordance with section 5 of the Act.

[44 FR 12970, Mar. 9, 1979]

Interpretations of Section 32 of the GLASS-STEAGALL ACT

§250.400 Service of open-end investment company.

An open-end investment company is defined in section 5(a)(1) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 as a company "which is offering for sale or has outstanding any redeemable security of which it is the issuer." Section 2(a)(31) of said act provides that a redeemable security means "any security, other than short-term paper, under the terms of which the holder, upon its presentation to the issuer or to a person designated by the issuer, is entitled (whether absolutely or only out of surplus) to receive approximately his proportionate share of the issuer's current net assets, or the cash equivalent thereof.'

It is customary for such companies to have but one class of securities, namely, capital stock, and it is apparent that the more or less continued process of redemption of the stock issued by